States and some of the European

The Declaration of Paris in 1856, GREATER PART OF 2 powers. which proclaimed that a blockade to be binding on neutrals "must be effective," has been followed in rules since adopted by practically all nations. The Hague conference of 1907 added further rules, and in the Declaration of London of 1909 was embodied the generally accepted principles of blockade. England and France having adopted as the basis of their internaadopted as the basis of their interna-tional law during the present war the Declaration of London with certain medifications, that document probably will be referred to in diplomatic con-troversies which may arise over the proposed step of the Allies. One of the articles of this declaration says: "The seizure of neutral vessels for violation of blockade may be made only within the radius of action of the ships of war assigned to maintain an effec-

of war assigned to maintain an effec-tive blockade." As for what consti-tutes the "radius of action" the follow-ing explanation is given by the United States Naval War College in one of its publications as having been univer-

When a government decides to un-"When a government decides to un-dertake blockading operations against some part of the enemy coast, it as-signs a certain number of warships to take part in the blockade, and intrusts the command of these to an officer whose duty it is to insure by this means the effectiveness of the blockade. The commander of the naval force thus formed distributes the ships placed at this disposal according to the configuration of the coast and the geographical position of the blockaded places, and gives each ship instructions as to the part which she is to play, and specially as to the zone intrusted to her surveillance. It is all of the zones of surveillance together, organized in

ship will be enoughed blockade effectively. It does not seem possible to assign limits to the radius of action in definite and unvarying figures, any more than it is possible to fix beforehand and invariably the number of the contract of

of action in definite and unvarying ligures, any more than it is possible to fix beforehand and invariably the number of ships necessary to assure the effectiveness of any blockade. These points must be determined according to circumstances in each particular case of a blockade."

"The radius of action of a blockading naval force may extend somewhat far, but as it depends on the number of ships contributing to the effectiveness of the blockade, and is always limited by the condition of effectiveness, it will never reach remote seas upon which merchant vessels sail, which are, perhaps, destined for the blockaded ports, but whose destination is contingent on the changes which circumstances may produce in the blockade during their voyage.

"The idea of radius of action joined to that of effectiveness—that is to say, including the zone of operations of the blockading forces—allows the belligerent to exercise in an effective manner the fight of blockade, which is admitted to be his, and, on the other hand, it saves neutrals from exposure to the inconvenience of blockade at a great discovery of the Russians artillery, however, shot of many of their wheels, and the road was choked, as darkness aptroad was choked, as darkness aptroad

saves neutrals from exposure to the in dience of blockade at a great dis-tience of blockade at a great dis-while it leaves them free to run sks to which they knowingly ex-

SAYS GERMANY MUST DROP ALL SHOUTING

Maximillan Harden Declares Situation Calls for Sober and Serious View.

Amsterdam, Feb. 28.—The "Lokal Anzeiger" prints a speech which Maximiliar Harden, editor of "Die Zukunft," delivered in Berlin to a large audience, including the American Ambassador, James W. Gerard, and several members of the empassy staff.

Harden said the situation which had arisen, and which compelled Germany Failure of Latest German to refrain from all triumphal shouting and to look at things with a sober, serious gaze, was all the more fitting because Germany's enemies included England. In conclusion, the speaker

"No second or third must follow this first Punic War; but, whether we bring this war to a triumphel conclusion or not, we are certain that the whole world recognizes what Germany is capable of doing."

RUSSIAN SUCCESSES IN THE CAUCASUS

Troops Make Progress on Line from Trans-Choruk, Dis-

cesses are reported in an official com-munication from the General Staff of the army in the Caucasus. The state-

SPAIN PLANS LOAN

ARMORED CARS AND MOTOR VANS **CLASH IN POLAND**

Germans, Composed of Recruits and Old Men, Surrender in Groups.

REGIMENTS GIVE UP

Russian General Staff Plan New Offensive Movement Over Whole Front.

Petrograd, Feb. 28.-Against the cen tral German column in North Poland determined attack. The Germans held a line stretching thirty miles through the Przasnysz region. Przasnysz is the junction of the only system of causeway roads in north Central Poland, as during the present operations. Even

part which she is to play, and especially as to the zone intrusted to her surveillance. It is all of the zones of surveillance together, organized in such a manner that the blockade is effective, that form the radius of action of the blockading force.

"Cases may occur in which a single ship will be enough to maintain a blockade effectively. It does not seem possible to assign limits to the radius of action in definite and unvarying figures, any more than it is possible to fix beforehand and invariably the number of their wheels, and the proad was choked, as darkness approach to the radius of action in definite and unvarying figures, any more than it is possible to fix beforehand and invariably the number of their wheels, and the proad was choked, as darkness approach to the radius of action in definite and unvarying figures, any more than it is possible to fix beforehand and invariably the number of their wheels, and the proad was choked, as darkness approach to the radius of action in definite and unvarying figures.

Dunajetz, especially south of Tarnow. In Southeastern Galicia the Russians

the Ossowetz fortress made a successful sortie and brought back with them a number of German officers who were observing the operations from tree

The Russians claim that the Germans advanced in the valley of the Bobr River without sufficient protection and were fallen upon before they could assume fighting formation. From across the Bobr six German batteries tried to Bigoted of Nations." prevent the annihilation of the German battalion, but were effectively silenced by Russian artillery.

London, March 1.—The Petrogr is correspondent of "The Morning Post" says:

The failure of Germany's latest movement was as certain from the outset as anything ever can be in wa, the movement consisting of an attempt to turn both flanks of a strategic front extending more than seven hundred miles. One is disposed to regard the main object of the German attempt as an invitation to the Russians to advance upon the direct road to Berlin from Warsaw. Large German forces were obviously transferred from south of the lower Vistula to an area north of the river and at several points on the Bzura and the Rawka, notably the famous Borzimoff section, and a jain southward of the River Tida section the Germans made attacks which seemed intended to call attention to their weakness.

If this flanking raid from East Prustla was meant to entice the Russians from positions on the Polish front it signally failed. Also, the new result of this extremely costly move is, for the Germans, a large minus quantity.

FEAR BRITISH SHIP

munication from the General Staff of munication from the General Staff of the army in the Caucasus. The state-the army in the Caucasus army of this pert has the congestion of shipping been so great; nor have the Liverpool while for the state army in the proving for sale at the lowest ways. The tory of this port has the congestion of shipping been so great; nor have the Liverpool while for the state army in the passage of t man army corps is incalculable. After every allowance is made for climatic conditions, which certainly are more

Picked Up in Channel.

Picked Up in Channel.

Perhaps no city in England bears less trace of the war in the way of military or naval activity than Liverment of Finisters, on the English whelming odds, finally establishes a superiority of the Russian soldier over the boasted German, and the whole layer army feels redoubled confi.

America.

London, March 1.—"The Morning sacet, but the material gains are considerable.

London, March 1.—"The effects of the war on food prices are beginning to be severely felt in Spain. The government is endeavoing to purchase 30,000 tons of wheat in America.

To meet the badget deficit and the expenses of maintaining neutrality, the government plans to float a loan of government plans to float plant from float the Liver float the Liver float the Liver float the Liver float the floating from float government gates docks is feverish, because, float the floating from fleating from float the Liver float the sually ample facilities.

M

GUNS FROM AUSTRALIA TO THE PYRAMIDS.



British Colonial Artillery from the Antipodes Passing the Famous Cheops on Return to Camp Grounds.

innction of the only system of causeway roads in north Central Poland.
They are able to support motor traffic
from Soldau and Miava and also westward to Plotak and southward to Narew, near Pultusk. The Germans asdefended a vast quantity of motor vans
for a swift raid upon Narew, with the
object of reaching the railway northeast of Warsaw, but the Russians attacked with a number of swift armored
cars carrying light guns.
Captain Gourdon, a pioneer of this
new arm of the service, dashed to
within thirty paces of the German field
battery and shot down the gunners, but
was himself killed, and Adjutant Prince
Vatchnadse wri wounded. The Russian infantry repeatedly broke the German line, about half of which seemed
to be composed of raw recruits or old
I Landstrum men. They began to surrender early in the afternoon, in big
groups.

Infantry Flees in Disorder.
Young German cuirassier officers
were commanding the infantry companies, and a Uhlan captain commanded the battalion. Close fighting
brought the Russians across the main
proads immediately southward and westward of Przasnysz. The German infantry fled in disorder toward Soldau,
clambering on motor vans, hundreds
of which were packed along the road-

In Southeastern Galicia the Russians In the region of Stanispose themselves by approaching points to which access is forbidden by the belligerent."

Accepted rules, it was pointed out to-night, prescribe that a blockade must be limited to the ports and coasts of an enemy, and that each declaration must give the geographical limits of the coast blockaded.

Officials were reassured to an extent by press dispatches announcing that the contemplated action by the Allies was not an answer to the recent identical note sent by the United States to England and Germany in connection with the submarine warfare on merchant ships and the shipment of foods stuffs to the civilian population of a belligerent.

SAYS GERMANY MUST

Doubleastern Galicia the Russians In Southeastern Galicia the Russians are increasing their advantage over the Russians to increasing their advantage over the Austrians. In the region of Stanish and the column from Densitre presses from the north, and the position is regarded ready for a big battle.

New Movement Planned.

The seemingly diminished power of the German operations from the Vistual to the Niemen, which is particularly distinct the Contemplated action by the Allies of Prasanysz was gorrespondingly for a particularly state of Prasanysz was gorrespondingly for a particularly state of Prasanysz and Max Bohm.

GERMANY UPHOLDS

FOREIGNERS' RIGHTS

There has also been heavy fighting in Western Galicia and in the Carnot of the success of Prasanysz."

There has also been heavy fighting in Western Galicia and in the Carnot of the success of Prasanysz."

There has also been heavy fighting in Western Galicia and in the Carnot of the forms appeared to the forms appeared to the forms appeared t

Reports received from Przasnysz say that that town was almost totally destroyed in the fierce and uninterrupted fighting during the last week. The fighting during the last week. The fighting during the last week is the fighting the first during the first d fighting during the last week. The official reports declare that during the battle, which extended over a wide front toward Cssowetz, the garrison of

KAISER'S BULLETS FOR SHAW URGED

Bigoted of Nations."

Atlanta, Feb. 28.—John Burroughs, great nature lover, has little use for the Germans and George Bernard Movement Declared Certain

London, March 1.—The Petrogr 1

correspondent of "The Morning Post"

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correspondent of "The Morning Post"

London March 1.—The Petrogr 1

correspondent of "The Morning Post"

London March 1.—The Petrogr 1

correspondent of "The Morning Post"

London March 1.—The Petrogr "I consider Germany the most bigot-

Government Trying to Buy
30,000 Tons of Wheat in
America.

London, March 1.—"The Morning London, March 1.—"The Morning Many Germans Made Prisoners.

AMERICAN ARTISTS BRITAIN TO CURB UPHOLD PETITION LIQUOR DRINKING

port Regulations Are impossible country at an impossible country and an impo

enemy country were upheld.

The case was a suit for infringement of patent rights brought against a German firm through the attorneys of a

there is enough food now stored here to feed the country for a year.

FROM FROZEN FEET

But Every Man in War Will Die if He Stays Long Enough, Says Dr. Power. Montclair, N. J., Feb. 28.-Two men

Allies, according to Dr. Walter B.

Power, of 196 Upper Mountain Avenue, who has returned after serving as an ambulance driver with the British expedition in France. Dr. Power went abroad intending to do hospital work, but the lists were so crowded he took.

The period of training for these boys

military or naval activity than Liverpool. Far removed from the fear of Zeppelins, it is brilliantly lighted at night, and the usually drab city is gay by comparison with London. Liverpool is not a naval base, its harboriem given over almost exclusively to merchant shipping. The activity along its miles of docks is feverish, because, in spite of the usually ample facilities for unloading merchant vessels, at districts.

merchants is about to be made, through a unique merchant labor member of Parliament, in which he as from its automobiles. It forms about the only bit of color in this deso late land.

"For the first time in British history a body of striking trade union work men on the Clyde have been commandating the silk, cotton, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which he presenting the silk, cotton, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which are do to commence work on Monday, when, which he figure of the America. A French liner, remand the mission for Relief in Belgium, as well as from its automobiles. It forms about the only bit of color in this deso late land.

For a time the flying of the America far fly became so general that an order was given by the commission that this practice should be discontinued, for fear some misses of the banner in the only bit of color in this deso. It forms about the only bit of color in this deso. It forms about the only bit of color in this deso. It for

AUSTRIA'S FIRST ARMY NO LONGER FACTOR IN WAR

Force of 2,000,000 Men at the Start Almost Non-Existent.

LOSS FOUR TIMES MORE THAN STATED

New Levies of Boys and Middle-Aged Men Sent to Front Without Training.

By Cable to The Tribune.] London, March 1 .- The Hungarian orrespondent of "The Morning Post" a dispatch from Budapest, says that the original first line army of 2,000,000 men with which Austria-Hungary began the war is now almost non-existent These seven months have cost the Dual Monarchy four times as many men as they are willing to admit officially. Not 400,000 but 1,600,000 men have been killed, wounded or taken prisoners. Of these 200,000 of the wounded

are gradually being sent back to the front, some of them, however, be Believe That New Passport Regulations Are
Impracticable.

Industrial Disputes Must fore complete recovery. Accordingly, it can safely be said that the first line army of the first 2,000,000 has been entirely broken up already and that only a small number are capable of still resisting the hardships of warfare.

The new reinforcements have com-

Questions as to sight, physical weakness, general fitness or mental powers never arise at these examinations. Men are ushered in before the doctor in are usnered in before the doctor in groups of twenty, and under the pre-text that there is no time for a thor-ough examination each man is at once passed over to the recruiting room for enlistment. He get time the passed over to the recruiting consistent. He gets twenty-four hours to settle his civilian affairs and make his will and is then taken to the other and of the country for training. Beare suffering from frozen feet for every end of the country for training. Beone that is wounded in the army of the fore the town halls and the public

Leipsic, Feb. 15.—The Supreme Court of the German Empire, sitting here, has handed down a notable decision in an international case up for final appeal, in which the private property rights of citizens belonging to an enemy country were upheld.

The case was a suit for infringement

The case was a suit for infringement

enemy country were upheld.

The case was a suit for infringement of patent rights brought against a German from through the attorneys of a French citizen now serving as a reserve efficer at the French front in Flanders. The Reichsgericht upset the verdict of confiscation of the lower German courts brought before it on appeal, thereby deciding in favor of the absent Frenchman.

In a unanimous decision the judges stated that Germany is waging war as a nation against individuals. The private rights of individuals, therefore, are inviolate unless abrogated by special laws or in districts formally declared under martial law.

War on private property as enunciated and practised by certain of German court of the tenets of international law affirmed by Germany and was therefore inadmissible in German law. The confiscation of private foreign property owned by subjects of hostile nations as a measure of military recommendation to the tenets of international law affirmed by German court of law unless abrogated by German court of law unless it were done under specific new decrees of law.

mands government control of carrying ships, the commandeering of home

If your business has either a past or a future

If your business has a past—a past which is an unbroken record of honorable dealing-then the Equitable Building is a fitting place for it.

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And our Renting Staff, now located on the premises, will furnish you with a hundred reasons why space in the Equitable Building is the soundest proposition at present before the Met-

120 Broadway.

As a result of the war by order of the foreign owners SALE BY COMMENCES and Five AUCTION TO-DAY Following Days. AT 2:30 O'CLOCK

EVENING SESSIONS TO-MORROW (Tues.) and Thursday next, at \$115 o'clock ON THE PREMISES, 668 FIFTH AVENUE, Near 53d St.

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The Sale Will Be Conducted by MR. JAMES P. SILO.

Official War Bulletins

WESTERN FRONT

PARIS (Issued at 10:30 P. M.)—At Becourt, near Albert, a German attack was immediately stopped by our fire. The enemy bombarded Soissons with two hundred shells.

two hundred shells.

In the Champagne district we made marked progress on the whole front from Combres to the north of Perthes. We repulsed a counter attack, retained the work which we won yesterday and extended our positions by occupying new trenches.

We have gained ground in al. the woods between Perthes and Beauséjour representations.

cupying new trenches.

We have gained ground in al. the woods between Perthes and Beauséjour. Our gains of yesterday to the northwest and north of Beauséjour represented 2,000 metres of trenches (about a mile and a third.) These gains have been appreciably extended to-day. In one trench alone the enemy left more than two hundred dead. We captured a machine gun. According to the latest news, the struggle continues under favorable conditions.

In the Argonne, at Hill No. 263, west of Bourcuilles, we captured about three hundred yards of trenches. At Vauquois a brilliant infantry attack enabled us to reach the edge of the plateau on which the village a structed. In the Vosges, at La Chapelotte, three kilometres north of Celles-sur-Pleine, a rather sharp attack by the Germans was completely repulsed (Issued at 3:45 P. M.)—Near Dixmude Belgian artillery demolrabed two of the enemy's works, the Belgian infantry occupied a farm of the enemy's works, the Belgian infantry occupied a farm of bank of the Yser and one of the Belgian aviators dropped bombs on the enemy's harbor station at Ostend.

The Germans again bombarded Rheims. Some sixty shells were fired, half of them at the cathedral.

In the Champagne district important progress was made late Saturday. We carried two German works, one north of Perthes, the other north of Beausejour. In addition, we gained ground between those two points and to the northwest of Perthes. We made two hundred prisoners.

The total number of German soldiers who have surrendered during the last ten days amounts to more than one thousand.

There have been fairly lively artillery engagements on the heights of the Meuse. In the Woevre the day was calm. In the Vosges, in the neighborhood of Hartmanns-Weilerkopf, we made some progress.

BERLIN-In Champagne yesterday the enemy continued his attacks, which were completely repulsed. South of Malancourt (which lies to the west of Verdun) and north of Ver-

dun the Germans stormed several enemy positions behind each other. A weak French counter-attack failed. The Germans took as prisoners six officers and 250 men, and also captured four machine guns and one mine-thrower.

On the western side of the Vosges the Germans, after violent fighting, dislodged the French from their positions near Blamont and Bionville. In an attack on the intrenched line of Verdenal-Bremenil, east of Badon-viller, the Germans pushed back the enemy over a front twenty kilometres (about thirteen miles) long for a distance of six kilometres (about four miles). The enemy's attempts to win back the conquered ground failed, with

The enemy's advances in the southern Vosges also were repulsed.

EASTERN FRONT

PETROGRAD. On the left bank of the Niemen, to the north of Grodno, the action increases in intensity. The battle extends now far in front of the

On either side the attacks are supported by the fire of the artillery. Villages change hands.

Duri. g an attack on Height 103 we captured six German guns and several hundred prisoners. This height, as also those in the direction of the village of Kelbaski, fell into our hands on the evening of February 27.

of Kelbaski, fell into our hands on the evening of February 27.

The artillery engagement near Ossowetz is still going on. On the night of February 27 the enemy brought up new reinforcements and again invaded Przasnysz. A fierce battle for the possession of that town was fought all through the day, but that evening we were masters of it. The German defenders in large numbers laid down their arms.

In the other sections of the battlefield beyond Przasnysz we also made important progress. In several places the enemy abandoned wounded and

convoys.

Our troops are gailantly endeavoring to develop their successes. They pay no attention to the enemy's fierce resistance and forget their own fatigue. The number of prisoners taken and already sent to the rear of our lines amounted on the evening of the 27th to 58 officers and 5,400 so'diers.

On the left bank of the Vistala, on the Dounaietz, the situation is un-

changed.

In Galicia our troops, advancing from the Tchet-Chva valley to the Jassinovitz-Rozniatow front, inflicted on the Austrians a severe defeat. This offensive movement was carried out in the midst of a thick forest. Our regiments, which were not supported by artillery, were obliged to back their way with the bayonet. In this battle we captured 4,000 prisoners and nine machine gues

Want Government to Commandeer Home Grown Supplies

Wienna.—In the Carpathians the enemy's attacks failed in the Onda valley and on our positions north of the Volovecz Ridge.

Twelve hundred and fifty Russians were made prisoners in the taking by assault of one of the heights in the battle in Southeastern Galicia.

BERLIN .- Northwest of Grodno new Russian forces advanced yesterday, but German counter-attacks threw back the Russians on to the advanced position of the fortress. We took 1,800 prisoners there.

position of the fortress. We took 1,500 prisoners there.

Northwest of Ostrolenko, an enemy attack was repulsed.

The German troops retreated before superior enemy forces advancing on Przssnysz from the south and east into the region north and west of this town. South of the Vistula there have been no developments of importance.

AMERICAN FLAG HAS THE RIGHT OF WAY stations, but care is taken that it is not used without authority. To the Belgians the American flag is the outward symbol of their relief from

About the Only Bit of Color in Desolate Belgium-Saluted by Peasants.

Brussels, Feb. 16.—The American flag now has the right of way on Belgian roads and flying from the warehouses and stations of the Com-mission for Relief in Belgium, as well as from its automobiles. It forms

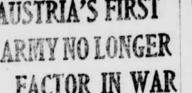
possible starvation, and they revere it accordingly, extending to it the same respect they could pay to their own banner were they allowed to fly it.

Letters at the rate of 2,000 a week are pouring into the main Brus is office of the commission, expressing the thanks the commission, expressing the thank of individuals for the 'ood they have

AMERICANS INSPECT

lodging the Turks. Petrograd, Feb. 28.-Russian suc-

government plans to float a loan of \$200,000,000,000,"



ropolitan business world.

Leases now being made from May 1, 1915.

Equitable Building